1) The arterial supply of the corpus cavernosum is usually from the:

- a external pudendal artery.
- b accessory pudendal artery.
- c cavernous artery.
- d the dorsal artery.
- e inferior epigastric artery
2) Reduced penile venous outflow during erection is due to:

- **a** active constriction of the superficial and deep dorsal veins.
- **b** opening of penile arterio-venous shunts.
- **c** compression of the subtunical venules and emissary veins by the tunica albuginea.
- **d** active constriction of emissary veins.
- **e** relaxation of the ischiocavernous muscle
3) The innervation of the penis comes from:

- a) S2-4 spinal segments.
- b) T10-12 and S2-4 spinal segments.
- c) the dorsal nerve.
- d) the cavernous nerve.
- e) all of the above.
4) The principal neurotransmitter mediating penile erection is:

- **a** prostaglandin E 1.
- **b** nitric oxide.
- **c** norepinephrine.
- **d** acetylcholine.
- **e** neuropeptide P.
5) ED associated with diabetes can be a result of:

- a psychologic impact.
- b neurologic deficit.
- c arterial insufficiency.
- d endothelial cell dysfunction.
- e all of the above.
6) A patient with ED who has a low risk for cardiovascular events should:

• **a** undergo cardiac stress testing.
  • **b** receive cardiologic referral.
  • **c** receive counseling for lifestyle modifications
  • **d** initiate statin therapy.
  • **e** be reassured that there is no need for cardiovascular health intervention.
7) Recommended serum laboratory testing for men with sexual problems typically include:

- a hemoglobin A1C level.
- a lipid profile.
- thyroid function tests.
- a prolactin level.
- a PSA measurement.
8) The best indicator of hypogonadism is:

- a a screening questionnaire.
  b a total serum testosterone measurement.
  c a free serum testosterone measurement.
  d a bioavailable serum testosterone measurement.
  e an intratesticular testosterone measurement.
9) Optimization of effect for PDE5 inhibitors is best achieved by:

- **a** daily dosing.
  - **b** reducing the frequency of sexual intercourse attempts.
  - **c** increasing food intake with dosing.
  - **d** applying sexual stimulation.
  - **e** using twice-maximal dosages.
10) Infected penile prostheses are best treated by:

- a removal of the single infected component.
- b removal of all prosthetic components.
- c twelve weeks of broad spectrum antibiotics.
- d hyperbaric oxygen.
- e 12 weeks of broad-spectrum antibiotics + hyperbaric oxygen
1  C
2  C
3  E
4  B
5  E
6  C
7  B
8  D
9  D
10 B